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Bruſſels, Nov. 7.

THe Cavalry which the Prince of *Parma* had drawn together, is going to ſeparate again; Thoſe that came from *Flanders* are to march back thither, and ſo the reſt are to return to the Quarters from whence they came. His Highneſs went this Morning to *Malines*, to ſee 300 Horſes diſtributed among the Cavalry in Garriſon there. On Saturday laſt the remainder of Coll. *Gage*'s Recruits arrived at *Oſtend*.

Bruſſels, Nov. 11. This Morning marched from hence four Regiments of Horſe for *Flanders*, and the reſt of the Troops that were drawn together, are likewiſe returning to their Quarters; The French King being, as we are informed, willing to leave the deciſion of his pretenſions upon *Aloſt* to the Conferences at *Courtray*; and we hear from thence that the Spaniſh Commiſſioners have already given in a Memorial to thoſe of *France*, upon that Subject; and that theſe received it, and intend to reply to it. From *Lille* they write, that Monſieur *de Montbrun* was gone to *Charlemont* to Monſieur *de Louvoy*, who was expected there from *Alſace*. Yeſterday Colonel *Gage* arrived here from *Scotland*, and was very kindly received by the Prince of *Parma*. From *Guelderland* they write, that two Regiments of Foot, and as many of Horſe lately raiſed in *Germany* for the ſervice of theſe Countreys, are on their march hither.

Marſeilles, Nov. 4. We have Letters from *Argiers* which ſay, That on the 19th paſt it had been reſolved in the *Douvanne*, to enter into a War with this Crown, that the ſame had been accordingly Declared, and that all the Ships then in Port (which were five or ſix) were ordered immediately to put to Sea, and to take all the French Veſſels they ſhould meet with; the reaſon of this breach is, That the French have not releaſed the Moors that are Slaves on board their Gallies. Our Letters from *Argiers* add, that it is generally believed there, the Peace between that Government and the Dutch will not be of long continuance, the firſt having of late ſhown a great diſpoſition to break it, and it's thought they would have done it e're this, had not an Expreſs arrived very opportunely from *Holland*, to aſſure them that the States were ſending Moneys to redeem thoſe of their Nation that are in Captivity. We have an account that the Sieur *du Queſne* continues ſtill before *Scio*, but without being able to do any execution upon the *Tripolins* in that Port, who have now very well ſecured themſelves. Since the taking of the *Roſe*, and the *Halfe Moon* of *Argiers* by the *Engliſh* Frigats, we have an account that Captain *Beoth* in the *Adventure* has taken the *Two Lyons*, a new Ship of 38 Guns and 400 Men, after a very obſtinate Fight, from One a clock in the Afternoon till Nine the next Morning, in which Twelve Men were killed and Thirty wounded on board the *Adventure*; ſo that thoſe Corſairs have not above 11 or 12 Ships remaining; The Engliſh Frigats are now ſo well Fitted and Cleaned, that none of the Algerines they meet with, eſcape them.

Paris, Nov. 12. The 27th of the laſt Month the King parted from *Strasburg*, and arrived the firſt Inſtant at *Pont à Mouſſon*, and the next day at *Metz*, from whence he parted the *Monday* following to *Longvy*, a place newly fortifyed in the Country of *Luxemburg*, between *Thionville* and *Montmedy*; from thence His Majeſty intended to go to *Verdun* and *Rheims*, and to be at *St. Germains* the 16th Inſtant. It is reported that the King has allowed the Spaniards a longer Term for the giving his Majeſty ſatisfaction in, with reference to his pretenſions upon the Country of *Aloſt*. The Sieur *du Queſne* is ſtill before *Scio*, and we are informed that Orders are ſent to the Chevalier *de Chaſteau Renaud* to go and joyn him with the Squadron under his Command, and that for the ſame purpoſe ſix Men of War more are to be fitted out at *Thoulon* with all ſpeed. We have advice of the arrival of the Spaniſh Fleet from the *Weſt-Indies*, at *Cadiz*: They met with the Elector of *Brandenburg*'s Frigats; but theſe not finding themſelves ſtrong enough to attempt any thing, retired.

Whitehal, Nov. 5. Some days ſince Sir *George Jeoffries*, Chief Juſtice of *Cheſter* and of *Montgomery*, *Flint*, and *Denbigh*, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Marquis of *Worceſter*, Lord Preſident of *Wales*, and Lord-Lieutenant of the three abovementioned Counties, Preſented to His Majeſty the following Addreſſes from thoſe Counties, which were very Graciouſly received by His Majeſty.

To the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The Humble Addreſs of the Gentlemen of the Grand Jury and Burroughs Inqueſt of the County of *Flint*, at the Great Seſſions held at *Mould*, the 12th day of *September*, in the year of our Lord, 1681.

May it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty,

WE Your Majeſties moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, being highly ſenſible of thoſe many Bleſſings, both we and former ages have enjoyed under that excellent temper of Government, which hath been the Glory of this, and the envy of other Nations. And having not only by late Aſſurances, but the whole courſe of your Majeſties Reign, ſufficiently experienced your Goodneſs and Clemency; Do therefore with a true ſence of your Princely Care and Wiſdom in the whole Conduct of your Affairs, cheerfully Acquieſce in all the Methods and Proceedings of your Royal Government. And being well aſſured that nothing but the moſt active zeal of our Religion, and the moſt conſtant Loyalty to our Prince, can ſecure this Church and Kingdom; we ſhall be always ready to lay down our Lives and Fortunes in the

defence